# **HEADQUARTERS** UNITED STATES AFRICA COMMAND



# **ANNEX P**

# **USAFRICOM CAMPAIGN PLAN**

(FY25 THEATER POSTURE PLAN)

**01 NOVEMBER 2024** 

(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4g

Classified by: Derived from: ACG 5200.03 Declassify on: 20491101 POC:

Brig Gen George Dietrich, J4 Director



#### **HEADQUARTERS** UNITED STATES AFRICA COMMAND OFFICE OF THE COMMANDER UNIT 29951 APO AE 09751-9951

October 2024

### MEMORANDUM FOR THE UNDERSECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR POLICY

SUBJECT: (U) United States Africa Command Fiscal Year 2025 Theater Posture Plan

1. (U) The United States Africa Command (USAFRICOM) Fiscal Year 2025 (FY25) Theater Posture Plan (TPP) details my intent for the basing of forces and capabilities across the continent to enable the operational reach and agility required to achieve USAFRICOM's Campaign Plan Objectives. This TPP is aligned with strategic guidance and the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) FY25 Guidance for Posture Plans.

2. (S)(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4	d			
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				5
3. <del>(\$)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4	d			
		1.2 1.5		

4. (U) The point of contact for this memorandum is (b) (6). (b)(3)10 USC § 130b who can be reached at DSN: (b) (6), (b)(3)10 USC § 130b @mail.smil.mil.

> M. E. LANGLEY General, U.S. Marine Corps

#### Attachment:

USAFRICOM FY25 Theater Posture Plan (S)

Classified by: (b) (6), (b)(3)10 USC § 130b Derived from: Multiple Sources

Declassify on: 20281101

HEADQUARTERS, U.S. AFRICA COMMAND KELLEY BARRACKS, STUTTGART, GERMANY UNIT 29951, APO AE 09751-9951 01 NOVEMBER 2024

# -(U) REFERENCES. See USAFRICOM Campaign Plan 2000-24

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### (U) Executive Summary

- 1. (U) The Fiscal Year 2025 (FY25) United States Africa Command (USAFRICOM) Theater Posture Plan (TPP) links United States (U.S.) national strategy, U.S. Government (USG) policy guidance, and USAFRICOM's Theater Strategy to inform Department of Defense (DoD) resourcing decisions. The TPP informs other Combatant Commands (CCMDs), services, the Joint Staff (JS), the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), and other stakeholders by defining the CCMD's posture approach, challenges, and initiatives across a challenging area of responsibility (AOR) and guides staffs, components and subordinate commands during implementation of the USAFRICOM Campaign Plan (ACP).
- A. (U) Chapter I (Strategic Narrative) links USAFRICOM's theater posture approach to USG policies, DoD guidance, and other considerations. In addition, it outlines ongoing posture initiatives and emerging requirements.
- B. <del>(U)</del> Chapter II (Forces) addresses force and capability gaps impacting USAFRICOM's ability to effectively accomplish assigned tasks and growing risk to mission.
- C. (U) Chapter III (Footprints) identifies posture locations and highlights USAFRICOM's lack of flexibility to adapt to frequently changing threats, geopolitical environments, and crises. This chapter also summarizes proposed footprint related changes.
- D. (U) Chapter IV (Agreements) outlines USAFRICOM's bilateral and multilateral agreement priorities and provides a list of current agreements by country.
- E. (U) Chapter V (Appendices) includes theater maps, location unique information, change nominations to the OSD Enduring Location Master List (ELML), and the USAFRICOM Contingency Location Master List (CLML).

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4. (S) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
5. <del>(U)</del> Identified posture gaps for which USAFRICOM seeks OSD(Policy), the JS, and the services support with are:
A. (U) Forces:
1) <del>(S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
2) <del>(S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g

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3) <del>(S//REL USA, FVEY)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
4) <del>(S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
5) (S)(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
B. (U) Footprints:
1) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
2) <del>(S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g
2) (S//DELLICA EVEV)
3) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d, (b)(1)1.4g

### C. ( Agreements:

- 1) (U)-USAFRICOM establishes agreement priorities in order to set new conditions for future OAIs that rest within the ACP and to reinforce existing partnerships in order to achieve common objectives, increase cooperation opportunities, and reduce risk. Operational requirements directly influence the forces and footprint requirements in theater. While agreements are developed in conjunction with strategic initiatives, predicting future agreement opportunities and taking early action facilitates responsive posture changes when crisis occurs or operations require.
- 2) (U) The following agreement priorities, though not solely USAFRICOM's to facilitate, will positively affect the USAFRICOM mission when realized and increase the command's strategic resiliency. Current priorities that follow are subject to change after the CCDR signs the TPP based on force changes or partner willingness.

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_		(U) Acquisition and Cross Servicing Agreements (ACSAs) with Benin, Tanzania ritius, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Equatorial Guinea, and should conditions become ibya.
	c)	( <del>S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
6. (S	//REL-U	JSA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

## (U) Chapter I: Strategic Narrative

I.1. (U) Theater Vision and Objectives
1. (S//REL-USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
2. (S//REL_USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
I.2. (U) Theater Strategy
1. (U) The USAFRICOM Theater Strategy places African partners at the center of our ability to achieve unity of effort and lasting, positive change on the Africa continent. It is a partner-led, U.Senabled approach, backed by continuous coordination among defense, diplomacy, and development agencies, as well as among a resolute network of international allies, who share in the common goal of ensuring a lasting, free, open, secure, and prosperous international order.
2. (S//REL_USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
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A. (S//REL_USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
B. (U) The annual USAFRICOM Campaign Order (ACO) is the means by which the command directs the staff, components, and subordinate commands to execute OAIs in support of (ISO) the campaign. A Theater Posture Location Operation Order supports the ACO and

refines posture-associated tasks to staffs, components, and subordinate commands.

C. (U) The TPP is a critical supporting document for the five-year ACP and aligns with key national direction. It is informed by national policy outlined in the NSS, the NDS, GPR guidance, and other policy documents.

3. (S) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g

I.3. (U) Approach to Posture Development

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2 (6)					
2. <del>(S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d	•				
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### I.4. (U) Posture Initiatives

1. (U) USAFRICOM intends to address aforementioned posture gaps in the following ways. While some of these initiatives are continued from prior year TPPs, some are new to the FY25 plan and will likely continue into future years due to extended time periods required to coordinate with U.S. interagency partners and African host nations, and limited DoD resources, including impacts of continuing resolutions.

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B. (CUI)(b)(1)1.7e
C. <del>(S)</del> (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
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2) (3)(1) 1.4d, (3)(1) 1.4d, (5)(1) 1.4g

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3) (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g	
5) (6)(6)(1) 1.4d, (6)(1) 1.4g	
3. ( <del>U)</del> East Africa	
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D. (S//REL USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
E. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
F. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g

4.	North Africa
	A. (S)(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
I.5	. <del>(U)</del> Emerging Requirements
1.	(S//REL TO USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
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## (U) Chapter II: Forces

(b) Chapter III Forces
II.1. (U)-Forces Gaps/Risks
1. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
2. (U) Base Operating Support-Integrator Capacity.
A. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
3(U) Base Defense Capability.
A. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
B. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
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C. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
4. (U) Airborne Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance.
A. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
B. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
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C. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
5. <del>(U)</del> Personnel Recovery / Casualty Evacuation.
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	3) (CUI) (b)(1) 1.7e
	4) <del>(CUI)</del> (b)(1) 1.7e
C.	<del>(U)</del> (b)(1)1.7e
capabi	Surgical and trauma purcing that adheres to the WRN operational requirements requires aeromedical evacuation lities for East and West Africa to support episodic high-risk operations, and regional gency and crisis response requirements.
	( <del>U)</del> (b)(1)1.7e
6. <del>(U</del>	Vertical Lift for Response Force Capability.
A.	(S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
В.	(S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g

(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
7. <del>(U)</del> Military Construction Forces.
A. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
II.2. (U) Force Movements
1. (CUI) Overseas Force Structure Changes (OFSCs). (b)(1)1.7e

2. (U) Movement of Rotational/Allocated Forces. USAFRICOM presently has no planned

movements of rotational/allocated forces that may have policy significance.

#### CITATION

# Table 1. $\overline{\text{(U)}}$ Overseas Force Structure Changes

## Table Classified SECRET

Status	FY	Component	Unit	Force Size (PAX/ Equip)	Country	Current Location	Desired Location	Ref. Docs.	Initiating Org	Plan Linkage	GCP IMO/ Task	Lead Service

## (U) Chapter III: Footprint

1.	(S//I	RE	L	JSA	, F\	/EY	<b>(b)</b>	(1) 1	.4a	, (b	)(1)	1.40	d, (b	)(1)	1. <b>4</b> g		130			
	Α. (	(S//	RE	EL U	JSA	, F\	ÆΥ	<b>(b)</b>	(1)	1.4	a, (t	o)(1)	1.40	d, (b	)(1) 1	1.4g				
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		2)	(S/	//RI	ELU	JSA	, FV	EY	) <b>(</b> b)	)(1)	1.4	a, (b	o)(1)	1.40	d, (b)	(1) 1	.4g			
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)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
B. (S)(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
C. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
1) <del>(S//REL-USA, FVEY)</del> (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
2) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
D. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
1) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
2) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

3) (S//REL USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
4) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
III.2. <del>(U)</del> Enduring Locations
1. (U) Forward Operating Site (FOS). USAFRICOM has four FOSs within its AOR: Ascension Island, CLDJ, CADJ, and Manda Bay, Kenya. USAFRICOM is also heavily reliant on enduring locations in the USEUCOM AOR, including prominently in the United Kingdom (Croughton, Lakenheath, Mildenhall, and Molesworth), in Germany (Stuttgart, Wiesbaden, Ramstein, Landstuhl, and Baumholder), in Italy (Aviano, Naples, Sigonella, Vicenza, and Livorno), in Spain (Rota and Morón), in Greece (Larissa Air Base and Souda Bay), and in Cyprus (Akrotiri).
A. <del>(U)</del> -Ascension Island. Lead Service – USSF. FOS Ascension Island is a sovereign British overseas territory with a modern military airfield (ICAO: FHAW). (b)(1)1.7e
B. (S//REL USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
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C. (S//REL USA, FRA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
D. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
D. <del>(3/1822-034, 1-421-)</del> (0)(1)1.4a, (0)(1)1.4d
2. (U) Cooperative Security Location (CSL). USAFRICOM has eleven CSLs in its AOR supporting a range of operational missions.
2. (U) Cooperative Security Location (CSL). USAFRICOM has eleven CSLs in its AOR supporting a range of operational missions.  A. Cooperative Security Locations (CSLs)
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3) (S//REL-USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d	
4) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d	
5) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d	
6) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d	

B. <u>Crisis Response (CR) Cooperative Security Locations (CSLs)</u>. CR CSLs are a term unique to USAFRICOM. Specific requirements and capabilities for these locations will be

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promulgated in the Theater Posture Location Operations Order. Four CSLs are USAFRICOM designated CR CSLs.

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2) (S//REL_USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g	
3) <del>(S//REL USA, FVEY)</del> (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g	
3) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g	
3) (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g	

(b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
C. (U) Multimodal locations. In addition to USAFRICOM specific posture locations, USTRANSCOM's Enroute Infrastructure Master Plan (ERIMP) identifies en route locations which are crucial to the support of CCMD requirements and are worthy of long-term investment. Such investment may be through sustaining existing posture, enhancing infrastructure at overseas locations, or strengthening host nation relationships with a focus on commercial capacity to foster assured access. These locations include not only those identified in this TPP where the U.S. currently enjoys considerable freedom of access, but also those where access is limited or non-existent, and where USTRANSCOM, in coordination with the CCMDs with assigned AORs, intends to pursue access over the next two- to five-year period. (b)(1)1.7e
ERIMP updates are aligned with the latest published DoD strategic guidance, CCMD TPPs, and other USTRANSCOM products and processes such as the TRANSCOM Posture Infrastructure Steering Committee (TPISC).
III.3. (U) Contingency Locations
1. (U) USAFRICOM has one Contingency Location (CL).
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B. (S//REL_USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

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		ering for future posture locations, but are not ready for inclusion on the CLML or ELML.
	A.	(S//REL_USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	В.	(S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	C.	(S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	D.	(S//REL_USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
3.	<del>(U</del> )	Site Closures.
	A.	(S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	В.	( <del>S)</del> (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

### (U) Chapter IV: Agreements

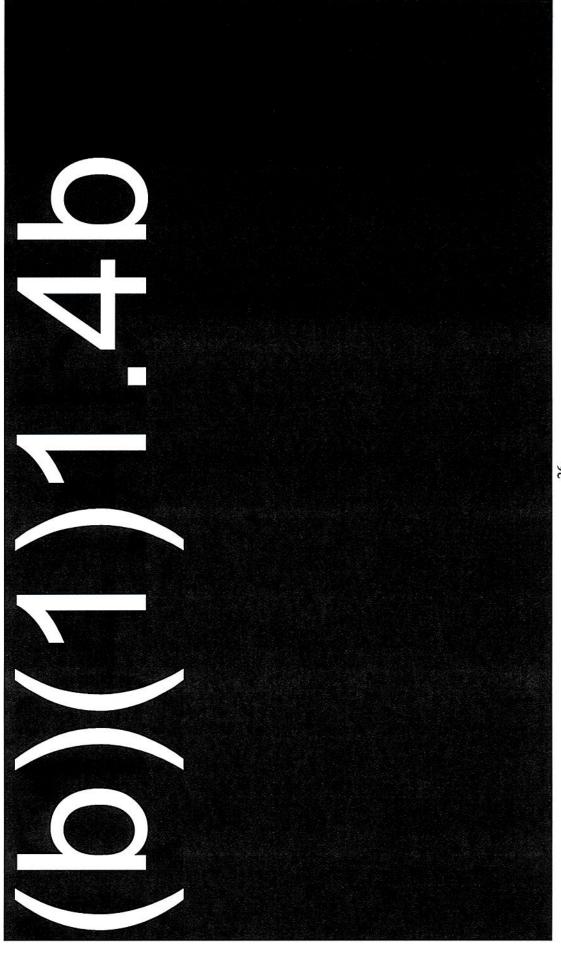
## IV.1. (U) Status of Current Agreements

1. (S//REL-USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d

### Table 2 notes:

- A. (CUI) Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA) that do not meet the provisions of the global SOFA template (GST) or agreements in NATO that do not provide for a standing waiver of jurisdiction is highlighted in yellow.
- B. (CUI) Any limitation on access, access only through non-binding instruments, or access without a grant of operational control is highlighted in yellow.
- C. (CUI) Host Nation Support agreements pertain only to those instruments that provide financial or in-kind contributions for logistics or infrastructure support. Standard SOFA or access provisions for tax exemptions, land use, movement facilitation, etc. do not constitute a Host Nation Support agreement.
- D. (CUI) Countries in which USAFRICOM has requested or been delegated Authority to Negotiate an ACSA are highlighted in yellow.

Table 2. (43) Status of Current USAFRICOM International Agreements (Table Classified SEGRET)



# IV.2. (U) Prioritizing Agreement Actions

- 1. (U) USAFRICOM establishes agreement priorities on the basis of a tiered risk framework, prioritizing the establishment of agreements to enable risk-mitigated OAIs. These priorities are subject to change after the TPP is signed out on the basis of reordered priorities arising from DoD decisions on the employment of forces throughout the AOR. Note that some locations will have multiple considerations associated with the risk-based framework:
- A. (U) Countries in which there are ongoing U.S. operations/deployments, but that provide insufficient legal protections (e.g., C-VEO operations for which there is a legal/status protection risk for participating personnel);
- B. (U) Countries with established posture locations, but that provide insufficient legal protections or access guarantees (e.g., NEW NORMAL posture locations with access-related mission accomplishment risk);
- C. (U) Countries with established posture locations at which U.S. forces are conducting or planning to conduct multilateral exercises for which insufficient legal protections or access guarantees exist; and
- D. (U) Countries with posture locations with potential priority missions with insufficient legal protections (e.g., competition missions).
- 2. (U) USAFRICOM has developed a methodology to prioritize its agreement initiatives based on factors drawn from command strategic guidance. This summation of relevant factors produces a numerically expressed priority list, subject to CCDR review and confirmation. The strategic factors include:
  - A. (S//REL-USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - B. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - C. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - D. (S//REL\_USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - E. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - F. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g
  - G. (S//REL USA, FVEY) (b)(1) 1.4a, (b)(1) 1.4d, (b)(1) 1.4g

Table 3.-(1) Priority of Required Agreements (Table classified S://REL-USA, EVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

### CECDET

3.	Future and Pending Agreements:
	A. (S//REL USA, FVEY)(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	B. (S//REL-USA, FVEY)(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d
	C. (S//REL-USA, FVEY) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

(U) Chapter V: Appendices

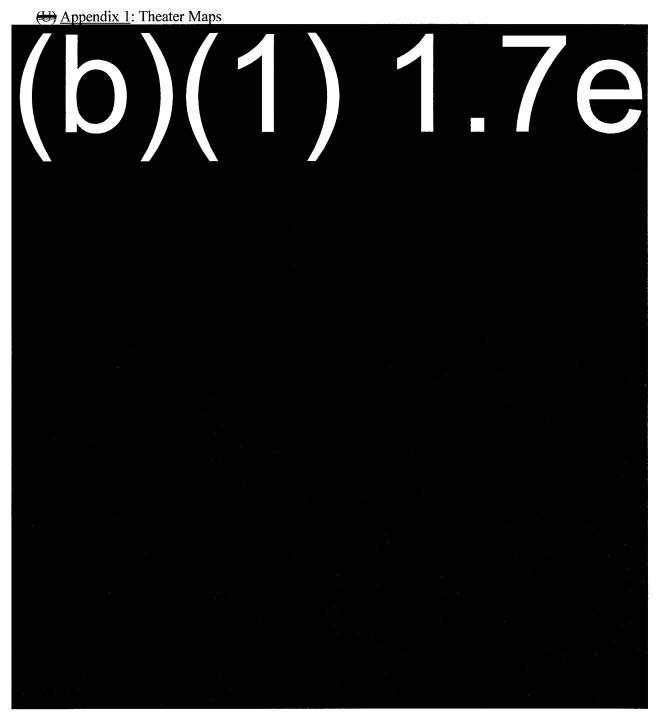


Figure 1 - Theater Posture Location Map (CUI)

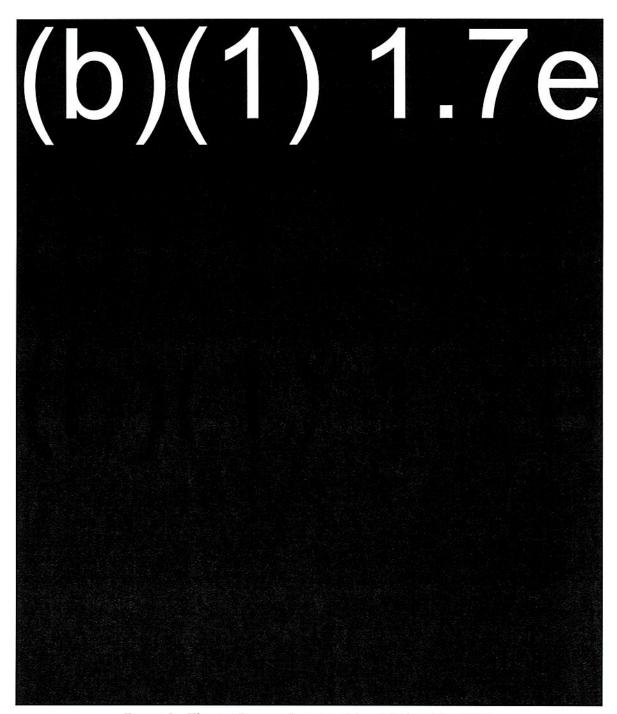


Figure 2 - Theater Posture Location Map (UNCLASSIFIED)

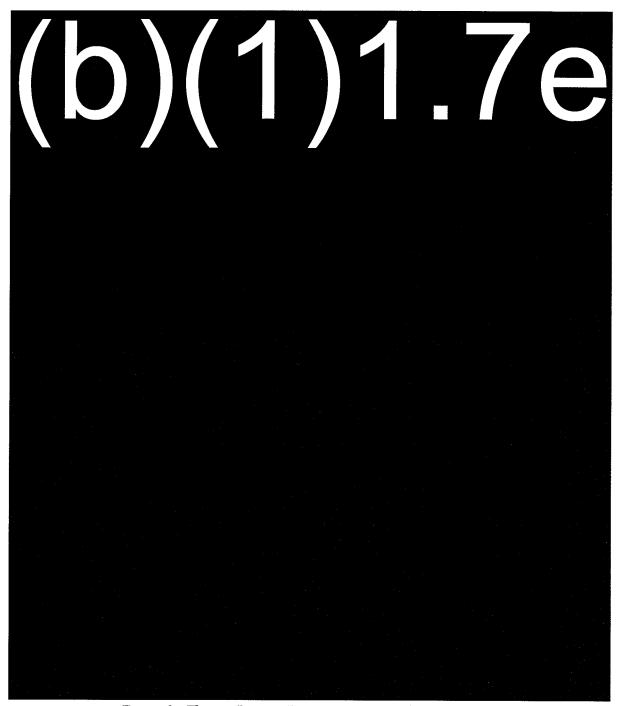
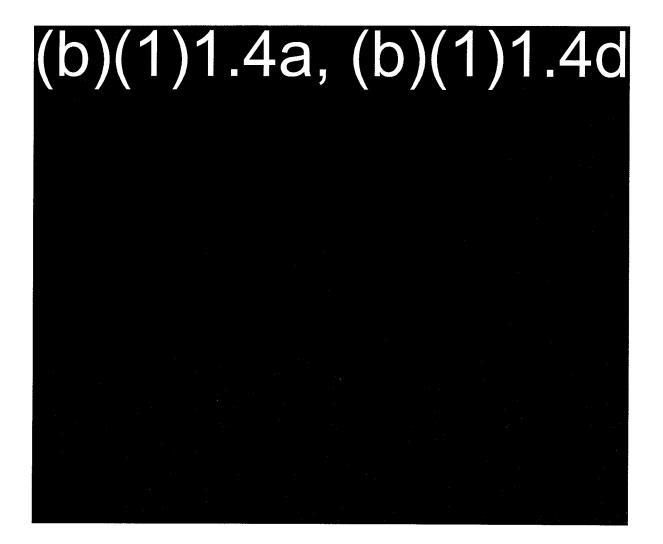


Figure 3 - Theater Posture Location Map (Lead Service) (CLII)

(U) Appendix 2: Charts of Posture by Location

Table 4. Contingency locations (Table Classified SECRET) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

Table 5. Enduring locations (Table Classified SECRET) (b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d



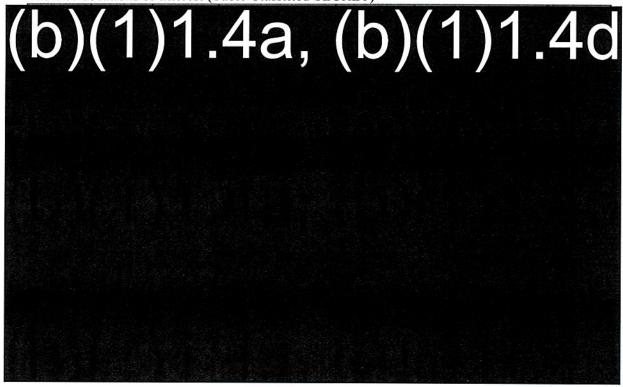
(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4d

(t) Appendix 3: Requests to Change the ELML and CLML

Table 6. Recommended changes to the ELML and CLML (Table Classified SECRET)

(b)(1)1.4a, (b)(1)1.4c

Table 7. Locations of Interest (Table Classified SECRET)



- (U) Appendix 4: Military Construction Project Summary Sheets.
- (U) The following military construction projects are prioritized by fiscal year:
- 1. Fiscal Year 26
  - A. FOS Chebelley, Djibouti: Prime Power Plant and Distribution
- 2. Fiscal Year 27
  - A. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Electrical Power Plant Phase B

## (b)(1) 1.7e

- D. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Aircraft Parking Apron Expansion Phase 2
- E. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Combined Air Cargo Passenger Terminal
- 3. Fiscal Year 28
  - A. FOS Manda Bay, Kenya: Airfield Expansion Phase 1
  - B. FOS Chebelley, Djibouti: Life Support Area/Cantonment
  - C. COS Chebelley, Djibouti: Perimeter Lighting
  - D. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Unaccompanied Housing Phase 3
- 4. Fiscal Year 29
  - A. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Unaccompanied Housing Phase 4
  - B. FOS Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti: Galley II
- 5. Fiscal Year 30
  - A. FOS Manda Bay, Kenya: Airfield Expansion Phase 2
- 6. Fiscal Year 31
  - A. No projects submitted yet.

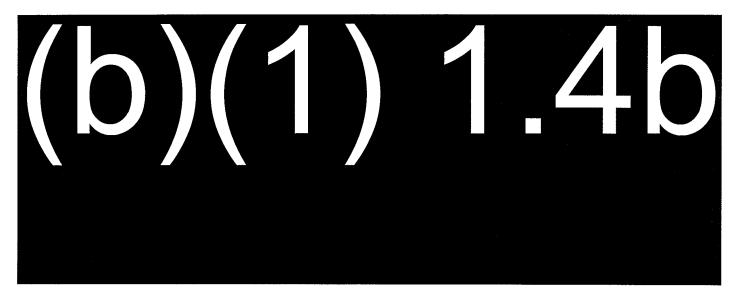
2. Fiscal Year 27

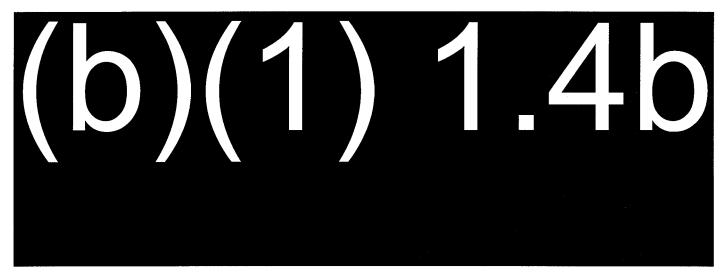
(b)(1) 1.4b

(b)(1) 1.4b

(b)(1) 1.4b

(b)(1) 1.4b





(b)(1) 1.4b

6. Fiscal Year 31: No projects submitted.

# (U) Appendix 5: Acronyms

AA Access Agreement

ACP USAFRICOM Campaign Plan ACO USAFRICOM Campaign Order

ACSA Acquisition and Cross-Servicing Agreement

A-ISR Airborne Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance

AOR Area of Responsibility

AQIM Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb BOS-I Base Operating Support - Integrator

BPLAN
BM
Ballistic Missile
CASEVAC
CCDR
CCDR
CCMD
Combatant Commander
CCMD
Combatant Command

CJCS Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

CJTF-HOA Combined Joint Task Force - Horn of Africa

CL Contingency Location
CLDJ Camp Lemonnier, Djibouti
CLML Contingency Location Master List

CM Cruise Missile

CMSE Civil-Military Support Element

CONPLAN Concept Plan

CSL Cooperative Security Location

CR Crisis Response
CT Counterterrorism

C-VEO Counter Violent Extremist Organizations

DCA Defense Cooperation Agreement

DIPNOTE Diplomatic Note
DJBC Djibouti Base Cluster
DoD Department of Defense
DoS Department of State

EARF East Africa Response Force
ELML Enduring Location Master List
ERC Exercise-Related Construction

EXORD Execute Order

FAA Facilities Access Agreement
FOC Full Operational Capability
FOS Forward Operating Site

FP Force Protection FY Fiscal Year

GFM Global Force Management

GFMAP Global Force Management Allocation Plan

GPR Global Posture Review

HN Host Nation

HR/HT High-Risk/High-Threat

ISIS Islamic State of Iraq and Syria

ISR Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance

LOI Location of Interest
LSA Life Support Area
NAVAF U.S. Naval Forces Africa
NDS National Defense Strategy
NSS National Security Strategy
O&M Operations and Maintenance

OAI Operations, Activities, and Investments

OJS Operation JUNIPER SHIELD

OPLAN Operation Plan

OSD Office of the Secretary of Defense

PLANORD Planning Order
PR Personnel Recovery
RPA Remotely Piloted Aircraft

SA/MAD Security Augmentation and Military Assisted Departure

SECFOR Security Force

SOCAF Special Operations Command Africa

SOF Special Operations Forces SOFA Status of Forces Agreement

TPP Theater Posture Plan

TPISC USTRANSCOM Posture Initiative Steering Committee

UAS Unmanned Aerial System

UMMC Unspecified Minor Military Construction USAFE-AFAFRICA U.S. Air Forces in Europe - Air Forces Africa

USAFRICOM
USAG
USAREUR-AF
USCENTCOM
USAFRICOM
US. Africa Command
U.S. Army Garrison
U.S. Army Europe – Africa
U.S. Central Command

USEUCOM
USSPACECOM
USSF
U.S. European Command
U.S. Space Command
U.S. Space Force

USSOCOM
USTRANSCOM
USTRANSCOM
VEO
VIOLENTE Extremist Organizations
WRN
U.S. Special Operations Command
U.S. Transportation Command
Violent Extremist Organizations
Warfighter Recovery Network